

ACQUISITION INSIGHT (GLOBAL ENGAGEMENT



DPAS Defense Priorities & Allocations System for the Contractor

Presented By:

DCMA

Thursday, August 17, 2017



DPAS for the CONTRACTOR





This training is a representation of the basic requirements that a person must adhere to when accepting DPAS rated orders from activities or services of the Department of Defense

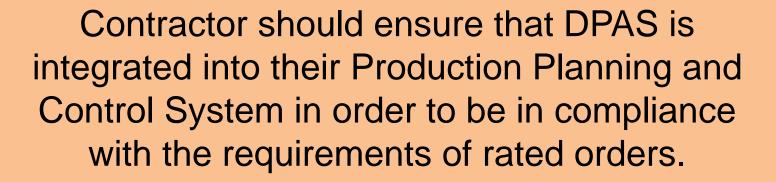




DPAS for the CONTRACTOR

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY









DPAS for the CONTRACTOR

DEFENSE CUNTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Program Overview

- Definitions
- DPAS Authority
- Purpose
- Objectives
- Priority ratings for DoD
- Provisions
- Special Priorities Assistance (SPA)
- Compliance
- Protection Against Claims
- Applicability









- Person any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative thereof.
- Approved program A program determined as necessary or appropriate for priorities and allocations support to promote the national defense by the Secretary of Defense.
- Delegate Agency A government agency authorized by delegation from the Department of Commerce to place priority ratings on contracts or orders needed to support approved programs.







- Official action An action taken by Commerce under the authority of the Defense Production Act, the Selective Service Act and related statutes, and 15 CFR 700. Such actions include the issuance of Set-asides, Rating Authorizations, Directives, Letters of Understanding, Demands for Information, Inspection Authorizations, and Administrative Subpoenas.
- Rated order A prime contract, a subcontract, or a purchase order in support of an approved program issued in accordance with the provisions of 15 CFR 700.



Definitions



- **Defense Production Act** the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2061, et seq.).
- Selective Service Act and related statutes Section 18 of the Selective Service Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. app. 468), 10 U.S.C. 2538, and 50 U.S.C. 82.
- Stafford Act -Title VI (Emergency Preparedness) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5195 et seq.).
- National Defense Includes programs for military and energy production or construction, military or critical infrastructure assistance to any foreign nation, homeland security, stockpiling, space, and any directly related activity.





Defense Production Act of 1950

- President's primary authority to mobilize resources and expedite critical industrial items for national defense
- Does not require an emergency declaration
- Require priority in acceptance
- Require priority in scheduling













Defense Priorities and Allocations System (DPAS)

A regulation administered by the Department of Commerce (DoC) that implements the priorities and allocations authority contained in Title 1 of the Defense Production Act (DPA) of 1950 with respect to industrial resources. The purpose of DPAS is to ensure the timely availability of industrial resources to meet national defense and emergency preparedness requirements. Certain national defense, energy, and homeland security programs are approved for priorities and allocations support. The DoC has delegated authority to DoD to place priority ratings on its contracts in accordance with DPAS and DoD issues approximately 300,000 rated orders annually. DoD uses two priority ratings: DX and DO. DX rated programs and their orders are of the highest national defense urgency and are approved by the Secretary of Defense (SECDEF) or Deputy Secretary of Defense (DEPSECDEF). DO rated orders are of lower priority than DX-rated orders but take precedence over unrated orders. DPAS cannot be used to prioritize food, energy, health, water, or civil transportation resources.







Title 1 of the DPA: Priorities and Allocation

 Allows the President to require persons (including businesses and corporations) to prioritize and accept contracts for materials and services as necessary to promote the national defense.





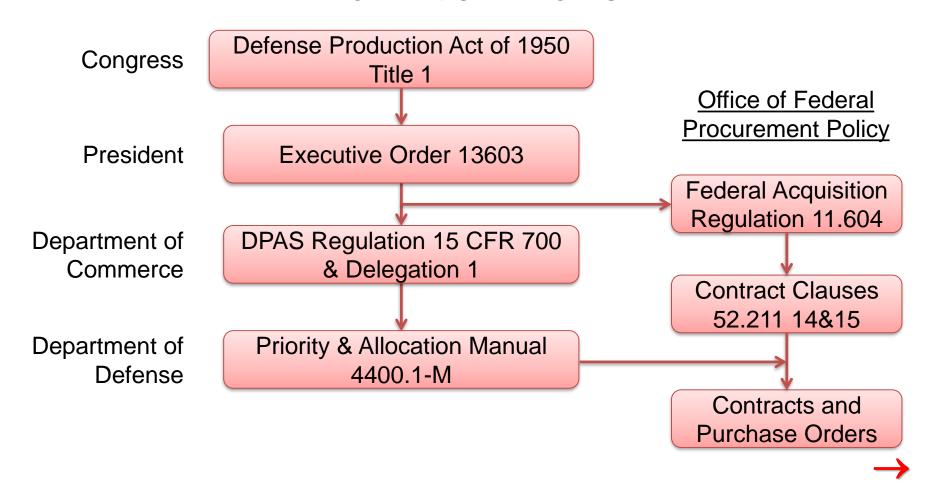


 Title 1 of the Defense Production Act (DPA) of 1950 is the statutory basis for the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (DPAS). Title 1 is also one of the non-permanent provisions of the DPA that needs to be periodically reauthorized, which Congress has done in the past for periods of 1 to 5 years. The DPA provides the President with the authority to require acceptance and priority performance on contracts and orders, and to allocate materials, services, and facilities to support national defense and emergency preparedness requirements. The President has delegated his priority and allocation authority to the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Department of Energy according to resource required.



DPAS Authority

How Title 1 Works





DPAS Authority

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Section 201 of Executive Order 13603 delegates the authority granted the President in Section 101 of the DPA



Agriculture Defense

Food Resources and Related Facilitates, Domestic Distribution of Farm Equipment and Commercial Fertilizer



Defense

Water Resources



Energy

All Forms of Energy



Transportation

All Forms of Energy Civil Transportation



Health and Human Services

Health Resources



BURNENT OF COMMENT OF

Commerce

All other materials, Services & Facilities (Including Construction Materials). Generally called "industrial resources"







Executive Order 13603

 Part II-Priorities and Allocations, Section 201-Delegation of Priorities and Allocations, authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to re-delegate to the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of other departments and agencies as appropriate, authority for the priority rating of contracts and orders for all materials, services, and facilities needed in support of programs approved under Section 202 of Executive Order

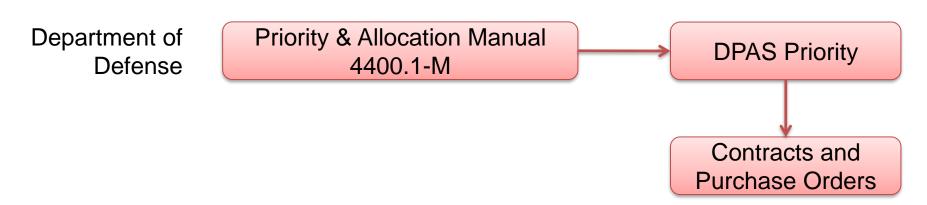
13603.





Priorities and Allocations (P&A) Manual 4400.1-M

 The DoC implements its P&A authority by issuing, administering, and enforcing the DPAS Regulation 15 CFR 700. The Secretary of Commerce has re-delegated authority under the DPAS to the Secretary of Defense to rate contracts and orders that support national defense programs.







DPAS Purpose

 Assure timely availability of industrial resources to meet current national defense and emergency preparedness program requirements









 Authority to order priority performance (delivery) on defense contracts and allocate materials to meet national security requirements (DO/DX ratings)







 Provide an operating system to support rapid industrial response in a national emergency









Minimize disruption to normal commercial activities







Priority Ratings

DPAS rules are standard part of U.S. defense contracting

process: (15 CFR 700.11 (a))

- Two levels of priority ratings:
 - (DX) Highest national defense urgency
 - All DX rated orders have equal priority and take preference over DO and unrated orders (based on ship schedule)
 - (DO) Critical to national defense
 - All DO rated orders have equal priority and take preference over unrated orders (based on ship schedule)





Priority Ratings for DoD

Priority Rating = (Rating Level) + (Program ID Symbol)

$$DOA1 = (DO) + (A1)$$

Examples:
$$DOA1 = (DO) + (A1)$$
 $DXA4 = (DX) + (A4)$

Question: How do I know what a Program ID Symbol identifies?

Answer: Schedule I to 15 CFR Part 700—Approved Programs and Delegate Agencies

(Program identification symbols, in themselves, do not connote any priority)





Program Symbols

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Program identification symbol	Approved program	Delegate agency
Defense programs:		
A1	Aircraft	Department of Defense.1
A2	Missiles	Do.
A3	Ships	Do.
A4	Tank—Automotive	Do.
A5	Weapons	Do.
A6	Ammunition	Do.
A7	Electronic and communications equipment	Do.
B1	Military building supplies	Do.
B8	Production equipment (for defense contractor's account).	Do.
B9	Production equipment (Government owned)	Do.
C1	Food resources (combat rations)	Do.
C2	Department of Defense construction	Do.
Сз	Maintenance, repair, and operating supplies (MRO) for Department of Defense facilities.	Do.
C9	Miscellaneous	Do.

¹ Department of Defense includes: The Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Joint Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Defense Agencies, the Defense Field Activities, all other organizational entities in the Department of Defense, and, for purposes of this regulation, the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration as Associated Agencies.





Priority Ratings for DoD

- Question: How do I know what programs are approved for DX rating?
- Answer: You can retrieve an updated copy of programs that have been approved by the Secretary of Defense for the use of DX ratings on contracts, subcontracts, and purchase orders by going to <u>US DoC Bureau of Industry and Security</u> and viewing the list of DPAS Program Resources.







DX PROGRAMS

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Updated: March 1, 2016

•The Department of Defense has authority under the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (15 CFR 700) to place industrial priority ratings on its contracts. DoD uses two ratings: "DO" and "DX." If necessary to meet required delivery dates at any level in the supply chain, DO rated orders must be given production preference over unrated (commercial) orders, and DX rated orders must be given preference over DO-rated orders and unrated orders.

•In accordance with DoD 4400.1-M, 'Department of Defense Priorities and Allocations Manual," DO ratings are placed on the vast majority of DoD contracts. DX ratings can only be approved by the Secretary of Defense. DoD components are currently authorized to use DX industrial priority ratings in support of the following programs:

Department of Defense

- Program 390
- Integrated Ballistic Missile Defense System

Department of the Navy

- Presidential Helicopters (VH-3, VH-60)
- Fleet Ballistic Missile Weapons System, Trident System
- Program 341

Department of the Air Force

- Space-Based Infrared System (SBIRS) High
- Intercontinental Ballistic Missile, Minuteman III
- B-2 Stealth Bomber
- VC-25A Presidential Aircraft



What Is A Rated Order

A rated order is a prime contract, a subcontract or a purchase order in support of an approved program issued in accordance with the provisions of 15 CFR 700.

Supported by four key elements:

- Priority Rating (DOA1)
- A required delivery date (on or about or asap will not do)
- Manual or electronic signature
- A statement that reads in substance:
 - "This is a rated order certified for national defense use, and you are required to follow all provisions of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700)." (FAR 52.211-15)"



What Is A Rated Order

- The four elements of a properly rated order on the previous slide must appear on every contract, purchase order, or delivery order.
- A person receiving a rated order must ensure during the receipt and review process determining acceptance or rejection of the order, that all four elements are present.

The elements of a rated order are discussed in section 700.12 (a, b, c, d)

Basic Provisions



DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Mandatory Acceptance or Rejection of Rated Orders (Section 700.13)



Preferential Scheduling (Section 700.14)



Extension of Priority Ratings (Section 700.15)



DENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

BASIC PROVISIONS



Mandatory Acceptance or Rejection of Rated Orders (Section 700.13)

- A person shall accept every rated order received and must fill such orders regardless of any other rated or unrated orders
- A person shall not discriminate against rated orders
- A person shall not accept a rated order for delivery on a specific date if unable to fill the order by that date. However, the person must inform the customer of the earliest date on which delivery can be made
- Unless otherwise directed by Commerce, rated orders may be rejected in accordance with 700.13 (c) (1-5)

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Basic Provisions

Customer notification requirements:

A person must accept or reject a rated order and transmit the acceptance or rejection in writing (hard copy), or in electronic format, within fifteen (15) working days after receipt of a DO rated order and within ten (10) working days after receipt of a DX rated order. If the order is rejected, the person must also provide the reasons for the rejection, pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, in writing (hard copy) or electronic format.

If a rated order is placed for the purpose of emergency preparedness requirements and expedited action is necessary or appropriate to meet these requirements and the order includes the statement set forth in §700.12(b), a person must accept or reject the rated order and transmit the acceptance or rejection in writing or in an electronic format within the time specified in the rated order.

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Basic Provisions

Customer notification requirements: (Continued)

The minimum times for acceptance or rejection that such orders may specify are six (6) hours after receipt of the order if the order is issued by an authorized person in response to a hazard that has occurred, or twelve (12) hours after receipt if the order is issued by an authorized person to prepare for an imminent hazard.

If a person has accepted a rated order and subsequently finds that shipment or performance will be delayed, the person must notify the customer immediately, give the reasons for the delay, and advise of a new shipment or performance date. If notification is given verbally, written (hard copy) or electronic confirmation must be provided within one working day of the verbal notice.



Basic Provisions





Preferential Scheduling (Section 700.14)

 A person must schedule operations, including the acquisition of all needed production items, in a timely manner to satisfy the delivery requirements of each rated order. Modifying production or delivery schedules is necessary only when required delivery dates for rated orders cannot otherwise be met.



Basic Provisions

 Examples: If a person receives a DO rated order with a delivery date of June 3 and if meeting that date would mean delaying production or delivery of an item for an unrated order, the unrated order must be delayed. If a DX rated order is received requiring delivery on July 15 and a person has a DO rated order requiring delivery on June 2 and operations can be scheduled to meet both deliveries, there is no need to alter production schedules to give any additional preference to the DX rated order.



BASIC PROVISIONS

Conflicting rated orders:

- 1. If a person finds that delivery or performance against any accepted rated orders conflicts with the delivery or performance against other accepted rated orders of equal priority status, the person shall give preference to the conflicting orders in the sequence in which they are to be delivered or performed (not to the receipt dates). If the conflicting rated orders are scheduled to be delivered or performed on the same day, the person shall give preference to those orders which have the earliest receipt dates.
- 2. If a person is unable to resolve rated order delivery or performance conflicts under this section, the person should promptly seek special priorities assistance as provided in §§700.50 through 700.54. If the person's customer objects to the rescheduling of delivery or performance of a rated order, the customer should promptly seek special priorities assistance as provided in §§700.50 through 700.54. For any rated order against which delivery or performance will be delayed, the person must notify the customer as provided in §700.13(d)(3).



Basic Provisions



DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Extension of Priority Ratings (Section 700.15)

 A person must use rated orders with suppliers to obtain items needed to fill a rated order. The person must use the priority rating indicated on the customer's rated order, except as otherwise provided in 15 CFR 700 or as directed by the Department of Commerce.

DENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Basic Provisions

- For example, if a person is in receipt of a DO-A3 rated order for a navigation system and needs to purchase semiconductors for its manufacture, that person must use a DO-A3 rated order to obtain the needed semiconductors.
- The priority rating must be included on each successive order placed to obtain items needed to fill a customer's rated order.
 This continues from contractor to subcontractor to supplier throughout the entire procurement chain.



Special Priorities Assistance

§700.50 General provisions.

- The DPAS is designed to be largely self-executing.
- Special Priorities Assistance (SPA) is a service provided to alleviate problems that do arise.
- SPA should be sought from the Delegate Agency through the contract administration office.

Uses:

- Obtaining timely deliveries of items needed to satisfy rated orders.
- Authorizing the use of priority ratings on orders.





§700.51 Requests for priority rating authority

- If a rated order is likely to be delayed because a person is unable to obtain items not normally rated under 15 CFR 700, the person may request the authority to use a priority rating in ordering the needed items.
- Rating authority for production or construction equipment.
 (Department of Defense Form DD 691.)
- Rating authority in advance of a rated prime contract. Must follow guidance of 700.51 (c) (1-5)





§700.52 Examples of assistance

- While special priorities assistance may be provided for any reason in support of 15 CFR 700, it is usually provided in situations where:
 - Difficulty in obtaining delivery against a rated order by the required delivery date.
 - Cannot locate a supplier for an item needed to fill a rated order.





§700.53 Criteria for assistance

- Requests for special priorities assistance should be timely,
 i.e., the request has been submitted promptly and enough
 time exists for the Delegate Agency or Commerce to effect a
 meaningful resolution to the problem, and must establish that:
 - There is an urgent need for the item
 - The applicant has made a reasonable effort to resolve the problem





§700.54 Instances where assistance will not be provided

- Secure a price advantage
- Obtain delivery prior to the time required to fill a rated order



- Gain competitive advantage
- Overcome a supplier's regularly established terms of sale or conditions of doing business





FORM BIS-999 (formerly form BXA-999) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FOR DOC USE OMB NO. 06 REV. 4-03 BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY					4. SUPPLIER INFORM									
REQUEST FOR SPECIAL PRIORITIES ASSISTANCE			I NO		a. Name and complete address of Applicant's Supplier.					b. Applicant's contract or purchase order to Supplier.				
RECEIVED			IVED	Supplier Name ABC Systems				Number abcde-C-123456						
READ INSTRUCTIONS ON LAST PAGE FILL OUT USING YOUR COMPUTER			GNED TO		Address 108 Michales Ave City_Syracuse State NY Zip_13208				Dated January 1, 2008					
Submission of a completed application is required to request Special Priorities Assistance (SPA). See sections 700,50-55 of the Defense Priorities and Allocations					City Syracuse	Priority rating none								
System (DPAS) regulatio	n (15 CFR 700). It is a criminal offense under 18 U.S.C. any matter within its jurisdiction. All company informat		Contact Name John Smith	(If none, so state)										
CONFIDENTIAL under	Sec. 705(d) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 [50 U mines that withholding it is contrary to the interest of the		Title		If Supplier is an agent or distributor, give complete producer or lower tier supplier information in Continuation Block on page 3, including									
Freedom of Information /	act (FOIA) exemptions if such information is the subject int personnel is prohibited by law. Violators are subject		Telephone (703) 601-500	purchase order number, date, and priority rating (if none, so state).										
the Bureau of Industry an			E-mail address: john.smith											
1. APPLICANT II			5. S MEY CHED.	OFITI	MG AGA	NB'	- T							
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CityStateZipContact's name		Contact's name			b. Supplier's original shipment/performance promise	Month Year	Apr-2009	May-2009					units	
Contact's name Tit		Title			promise	Number of units	13	12					25	
TitleTelephone			FAX		c. Applicant's <u>current</u>	Month	Aug-2008	Sep-2008	O++ 2000				Total	
Telephone	Fax	Contract/purchase order no.			shipment/performance requirement	Year	Aug-2008	Sep-2006	Oct-2008				units	
E-mail address:		Dated Priority rating			requirement	Number of units	13	6	6				25	
APPLICANT ITEM(S). If Applicant is not end-user Government agency, describe item(s) to be delivered by Applicant under its customer's contract or					d. Supplier's current	Month	Apr-2009						Total	
purchase order through the use of item(s) listed in Block 3. If known, identify Government program and end-it is end-user Government agency and Block 3 item(s) are not end-items, identify the end-item for which the Blo					shipment/performance promise	Year	7 \$1 2000						units	
Footnotes section on last page of this form.					,	Number of units	25						25	
			6. REASONS GIVEN E	SY SUPPLIE	R for inability to	meet Applicant	's required shipm	ent or performane	ce date(s).					
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3. ITEM(S) (includ	ing service FOR VH H PP. TR	EÇ ESI SIS NC	II Ou	u										
Quantity	Descr Include identifying information		7. BRIEF STATEMENT OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE. As applicable, explain effect of delay in receipt of Block 3 item(s) on achieving timely											
Pieces, units		shipment of Block 2 item(s) (e.g. production line shutdown), or the impact on program or project schedule. Describe attempts to resolve problems and specif												
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					8. CERTIFICATION: I certify that the information contained in Blocks 1 - 7 of this form, and all other information attached, is correct and complete to the									
		best of my knowledge and belief (omit signature if this form is electronically generated and transmitted - use of name is deemed certification).												
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Your local DCMA DPAS POC will assist in preparation of BIS 999





§700.70 General provisions

- Any person who places or receives a rated order should be thoroughly familiar with, and must comply with, the provisions of 15 CFR 700.
- Willful violation of any of the provisions of Title I or section 705 of the Defense Production Act, 15 CFR 700, or an official action of the Department of Commerce, is a criminal act, punishable as provided in the Defense Production Act and as set forth in §700.74 of 15 CFR 700.





§700.71 Audits and investigations

 Audits and investigations are official examinations of books, records, documents, other writings and information to ensure that the provisions of the Defense Production Act, the Selective Service Act and related statutes, 15 CFR 700, and official actions have been properly followed. An audit or investigation may also include interviews and a systems evaluation to detect problems or failures in the implementation of 15 CFR 700.







§700.72 Compulsory process

 If a person refuses to permit a duly authorized representative of Commerce to have access to any premises or source of information necessary to the administration or the enforcement of the Defense Production Act, the Selective Service Act and related statutes, 15 CFR 700, or official actions, the Commerce representative may seek compulsory process. Compulsory process means the institution of appropriate legal action, including ex parte application for an inspection warrant or its equivalent, in any forum of appropriate jurisdiction.



§700.72 Compulsory process (Continued)

 Compulsory process may be sought in advance of an audit, investigation, or other inquiry, if, in the judgment of the Director of the Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, U.S. Department of Commerce, in consultation with the Chief Counsel for Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce, there is reason to believe that a person will refuse to permit an audit, investigation, or other inquiry, or that other circumstances exist which make such process desirable or necessary.





§700.73 Notification of failure to comply

- Commerce may inform the person in writing where compliance with the requirements of the Defense Production Act, the Selective Service Act and related statutes, 15 CFR 700, or an official action were not met.
- In cases where Commerce determines that a person has failed to comply, the person may be informed in writing of the particulars involved and the corrective action to be taken.
 Failure to take corrective action may then be construed as a willful violation of the Defense Production Act, 15 CFR 700, or an official action.





§700.74 Violations, penalties, and remedies

 Willful violation of the provisions of Title I or Sections 705 or 707 of the Defense Production Act, the priorities provisions of the Selective Service Act and related statutes, 15 CFR 700, or an official action, is a crime and upon conviction, a person may be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both. The maximum penalty provided by the Defense Production Act is a \$10,000 fine, or one year in prison, or both. The maximum penalty provided by the Selective Service Act and related statutes is a \$50,000 fine, or three years in prison, or both.



COMPLIANCE



§700.75 Compliance conflicts

- If compliance with any provision of the Defense Production
 Act, the Selective Service Act and related statutes, 15 CFR
 700, or an official action would prevent a person from filling a
 rated order or from complying with another provision of the
 Defense Production Act, 15 CFR 700, or an official action, the
 person must immediately notify the Department of Commerce
 for resolution of the conflict.
- DoC e-Mail: <u>DPAS@bis.doc.gov</u>





Protection Against Claims

A person shall not be held liable for damages or penalties for any act or failure to act resulting directly or indirectly from compliance with the DPAS, or an official action, notwithstanding that such provision or action shall subsequently be declared invalid by judicial or other competent authority.





§700.92 Applicability of 15 CFR 700 and official actions

- 15 CFR 700 and all official actions, unless specifically stated otherwise, apply to transactions in any state, territory, or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia.
- 15 CFR 700 and all official actions apply not only to deliveries to other persons but also include deliveries to affiliates and subsidiaries.





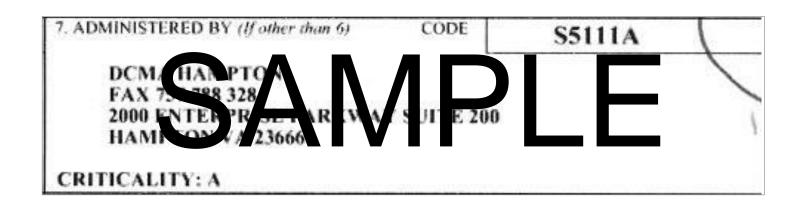
- Department of Commerce Regulation
 - 15 CFR 700
- DOD Priorities and Allocation Manual
 - DoD 4400.1M





DCMA Local DPAS POCs

 Contact the Engineering Manufacturing Group representative (Industrial Specialist/Engineer) at the DCMA contract administration office identified on your contract.







DCMA HQ DPAS POCs

Manufacturing & Production

- Primary HQ DPAS Officer VACANT
- Alternate HQ DPAS Officer VACANT
 - For DPAS inquiries, please submit through;
 - Askmanufacturing@dcma.mil

